



Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: U20015
Product name: KIBISIS EP 150

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Gear lubricant.
Uses advised against: Different uses than those intended.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA
Full address: Via delle Gerole, 19
District and Country: 20867 CAPONAGO (MB)
ITALY
tel. +39 02 95746081
fax. + 39 02 95745182

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: info@cdu.net
Product distribution by: CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA
+39 02 95746081 (Technical support - Office hour 8.30-13.00 - 14.00-17.30)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP). However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information, compliant to (EU) Regulation 2015/830.
Hazard classification and indication: --

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:
EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Precautionary statements: --

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|----|
|  | CENTRO DISTRIBUZIONE UTENSILI SCPA | Revision nr. 1 Dated 27/01/2020 | EN |
| | KIBISIS EP 150 | First emission Printed on 28/05/2021 Page n. 1/12 | |

Identification **x = Conc. %** **Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)**
LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED
CAS 101316-72-7 50 ≤ x < 100 EUH210, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: L
EC 309-877-7
INDEX -
Reg. no. 01-2119489969-06

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Respiratory tract irritation caused by excessive exposure to fumes, mists or vapors.

May cause skin irritation and slight eye irritation.

Contact with hot product can cause severe thermal burns.

In case of ingestion: few or no symptoms expected. Eventually, nausea and diarrhea may occur.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Consult a doctor immediately in the cases indicated in par. 4.1 particularly in cases where irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.

Consult a doctor in all cases of severe burns.

If swallowed, always assume that aspiration has occurred. Immediately transfer the injured person to the hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to appear.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Incomplete combustion could generate a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particles and gases, including carbon monoxide (CO), unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).



SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Gear lubricant.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

GBR United Kingdom
ITA Italia
TLV-ACGIH

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)
DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
ACGIH 2019

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | mg/m ³ | ppm | mg/m ³ | ppm | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 5 | | 10 | | oil mists base min | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 5 | | | | oil mists olio base min | | |
| Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC | | | | | | | | |
| Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning) | | | | 9,33 | | mg/kg | | |
| Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL | | | | | | | | |
| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | Effects on workers | | | | |
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | | | 0,74 mg/kg bw/d | | |



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| | | |
|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Inhalation | 5,6 mg/m ³ | 2,7 mg/m ³ |
| Skin | | 1 mg/kg bw/d |

AMINE COCONUT, ALKYL

| | | |
|--|----------|-------|
| Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC | | |
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,00026 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,000026 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 0,1794 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,01794 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 0,55 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 10 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | Effects on workers | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Inhalation | | | | | | | | 0,38 mg/m ³ |

1,3,4-THIADIAZOLIDIN-2,5-DITHIONE, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH WATER AND TERT-NONANTIOL

| | | |
|--|--------|-------|
| Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC | | |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,0041 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 380,62 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | 0,41 | mg/l |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 8000 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 308,96 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | Effects on workers | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | | | | | 3125 mg/kg/d |
| Inhalation | | | | 1087 mg/m ³ | | | | 4408 mg/m ³ |
| Skin | | | | 3125 mg/cm ² | | | | 6,25 mg/cm ² |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter



whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Appearance | liquid |
| Colour | dark brown |
| Odour | characteristic |
| Odour threshold | Not available |
| pH | Not available |
| Melting point / freezing point | Not available |
| Initial boiling point | Not available |
| Boiling range | Not available |
| Flash point | > 220 °C |
| Evaporation Rate | Not available |
| Flammability of solids and gases | Not available |
| Lower inflammability limit | Not available |
| Upper inflammability limit | Not available |
| Lower explosive limit | Not available |
| Upper explosive limit | Not available |
| Vapour pressure | Not available |
| Vapour density | Not available |
| Relative density | 0,896 Kg/dm ³ |
| Solubility | Not available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available |
| Viscosity | 150 cSt a 40 °C |
| Explosive properties | Not available |
| Oxidising properties | Not available |

9.2. Other information

| | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : | 0 |
| VOC (volatile carbon) : | 0 |
| Pour Point | - 21 °C |
| Viscosity index | 95 |

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidants (such as chlorates, perchlorates and liquid oxygen) can generate an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction and shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents, with heat sources / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials**LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED**

Strong oxidant.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effectsMetabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available.

Interactive effects

Information not available.

ACUTE TOXICITY

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: | not classified (no significant component) |
| LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: | not classified (no significant component) |
| LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: | not classified (no significant component) |

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| LD50 (Oral) | > 5000 mg/kg/bw rat (OECD 420) |
| LD50 (Dermal) | > 5000 mg/kg/bw rabbit (OECD 403) |
| LC50 (Inhalation) | > 5,53 mg/l/4h rat (OECD 403) |

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

**SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Carcinogenicity: this product has a DMSO extract value, according to the IP 346/92 method, <3% w. In accordance with the criteria established by the EU (note L, Annex VI Reg. (EC) 1272/2008) this product must be considered as NOT carcinogenic.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

Target organ**LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED**

Repeated dose toxicity studies were conducted in animals, in particular a 28 day study and the following NOAELs were identified:

Repeated dermal exposure (rabbit): NOAEL 1000 mg / kg

Inhalation exposure (rat) local effects doses > 220 while systemic effects at doses > 980 mg / m³ (with respiratory effects such as focal infiltrations, cellular inflammation, hyperplasia, etc.)

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Invertebrates (Daphnia magna) short term:

LL50/48h > 10.000 mg/l OECD Guideline 202

Invertebrates (Daphnia magna) long term:

EL50/21d > 1000 mg/l OECD Guideline 202

Algae (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata):

NOEL 72h > 1000 mg/l OECD Guideline 201

Fish (Pimephales promelas) short term:

LL50/96h > 1000 mg/l

Fish (Pimephales promelas) long term:

NOELR/14d > 1000 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

LUBRICATING OILS (PETROLEUM), HYDROGENATED

Hydrolysis: components of the lubricating bases are resistant to hydrolysis due to the lack of a functional group that is hydrolytically reactive. Therefore, this process will not contribute to a measurable loss of degradation of the substance in the environment.

Photolysis in air: Standard tests for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

Photolysis in water and soil: direct photolysis of organic molecules occurs when they absorb light with a wavelength that falls in the range of 110-750 nm (UV). Stratospheric ozone blocks the aspect portion that reaches up to 290 nm.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available.

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

None.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls

Information not available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the mixture.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament



6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.